I. Instructor
Steven Weiner is a part-time lecturer in Wharton’s Management Department. He also serves as a senior Intellectual Property executive for SRI International, an independent R&D institute based in Silicon Valley; and previously was a partner with Davis Polk, leading that firm’s Corporate Intellectual Property practice. He holds degrees from Harvard Law School, MIT and the University of Pennsylvania. Professor Weiner created this course by drawing on his extensive experience advising companies and stakeholders on strategic decisions that require a deep understanding of intellectual property law, advanced technology and business strategy.

II. Student Qualifications and Prerequisites
Strong interest in technology innovation from a business perspective is expected, but there is absolutely no need for deep technical background in order to excel in this course. The course will also benefit Engineering students with entrepreneurial or business management aspirations, as well as Law School students with a strong interest in IP and technology.

III. Course Objectives and Overview
Announcing the first iPhone at Macworld 2007, Apple CEO Steve Jobs famously boasted: “And boy, have we patented it!” How, and to what extent, does intellectual property actually provide competitive advantage for innovative technology companies? What makes an IP asset strategically powerful? How do patents impact – and sometimes drive – major corporate decisions including M&A, venture funding and exits, and entry into new markets? In this course, students will learn to critically analyze and answer these questions, gaining insights they can leverage in their future roles as innovation industry executives, entrepreneurs, strategists and investors.

To achieve these goals, the course is divided into three units:

- In Unit 1, *Patents and Innovation Value*, we learn how to analyze the scope of protection provided by patents, and we examine closely how and when that form of protection translates to competitive advantage and business value. We practice applying these concepts and skills to shape and critique the patents that protect a company’s most important innovations.

- In Unit 2, *Patent Leverage and the Corporate Playbook*, we study theory and examples of how patent leverage can strategically inform a variety of corporate transactions. We will analyze the benefits and pitfalls of various IP strategies, for established companies as well as for start-ups.

- In Unit 3, *Limits and Alternatives to Patents*, we confront implications of recent legal trends toward reigning in the scope and power of patents. We will review the impact from a business perspective, and we discuss alternatives for adapting IP strategy appropriately in light of these sea changes and in view of the big data revolution.
Students who take and succeed in this course should expect to acquire insights and methods that they can utilize throughout their careers to contribute important value as stakeholders in innovative technology businesses, from emerging start-ups to industry leaders.

IV. Assignments and Presentations

At the heart of the learning experience in this course are three written assignments and a live classroom presentation, in which students will be challenged to apply the core lessons of the course. The classroom presentations will typically be done by small teams, near the end of the course.

**Assignment #1: Critique a patent.** Students will be given excerpts from an actual U.S. patent with explanatory notes and related background information about associated products, technology, and/or companies. The assignment will pose questions that require students to critique the patent in light of the background information provided and the principles we learn in Unit 1 of this class. Answers and reasoning must be submitted in writing (1-2 pages).

**Assignment #2: Select and justify a transactional IP strategy.** Students will be given an information packet describing a competitive technology market, including the relevant patent landscape. A menu of possible IP transactions will be outlined in the packet, involving various industry stakeholders. Students will be asked to create a transactional IP strategy for a specified stakeholder by selecting from that menu; to critique alternatives; and to defend their choice in view of the principles we learn in Unit 2. Answers and reasoning must be submitted in writing (1-2 pages).

**Classroom Presentation: Create and deliver an IP strategy pitch to management.** Students will be divided into small teams of 3-4 students each. Each team will develop and present an IP protection strategy for an assigned invention, based on background information that will be provided, by applying the principles learned in this course. Inventions from a variety of industries will be available, and each team will select its invention in consultation with the instructor. (Students who are developing their own entrepreneurial projects may be allowed to present on those technologies, with the instructor’s permission.) Each team will present its proposal in class on an assigned date near the end of the term, styled as a pitch to internal company management. Team presentations with accompanying slides should each be 12-15 minutes and will be followed by 5 minutes of Q&A with the class and (possibly) special-guest panelists.

**Final Assignment:** An expanded written assignment at the end of the course will challenge students to integrate and apply the concepts, strategies and skills they have learned throughout the course in the context of a high-stakes, strategic corporate scenario such as a prospective acquisition or investment decision, from the perspective of multiple different stakeholders. Answers and reasoning must be submitted in writing (3-4 pages).

**For all assignments:** Any material reproduced verbatim must be enclosed in quotation marks, with proper attribution made to the source. Ideas and concepts even if not quoted verbatim should be attributed to the author/source, via proper citation.
V. Grading

- Regular assignments: 40% total (20% each)
- Live classroom presentation: 20%
- Final assignment: 25%
- Active class participation: 15%

VI. Readings

Required readings (and some optional readings) in preparation for each class are listed below in the course outline. The readings will generally be made available to students via Canvas. Come to class prepared to discuss the assigned readings, with particular attention to the “Study Question” identified in the Course Outline below for each class.

VII. Classroom Rules and Expectations

- Each class starts and ends on time
- Class attendance and active participation is important for successful performance in this course, and will be reflected in class participation grades
- Bring and display your name card at each class. Attendance is taken on that basis at the beginning of each session.
- Any requests for excused absence, or for any other exceptions to class rules, requirements and deadlines, must be submitted to the instructor in writing by email
- No use of phones, tablets, laptops or other electronic devices during class:
  - Experience has shown that use of electronic devices during class for non-class purposes significantly disrupts learning, both for the students using the device and for others in the class.
  - All phones and other electronic devices must be turned off and put away. If a student must keep a phone on by reason of a personal emergency, the student must inform the instructor before class begins.
  - Penalties for violations of this policy may include significant loss of participation points and consequent reduction in final grade.
  - If a student is unsure about the electronics policy for this class at any point, he or she should ask the instructor for clarification.

VIII. Office Hours, Faculty Lunches

Consultation with the instructor via phone call or virtual meeting regarding course-related issues can be scheduled upon request.

We will also schedule one or more student-faculty lunches or dinners. Interested students will be able to sign-up to attend these meals via Canvas.
IX. Course Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Session</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Topic</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Unit 1: Patents and Innovation Value</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Thurs. Oct. 17</td>
<td>How patents contribute to business: theory &amp; examples</td>
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<tr>
<td>[no class]</td>
<td>Tues. Oct. 22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Thurs. Oct. 24</td>
<td>Value propositions and patent protection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Tues. Oct. 29</td>
<td>Evaluating patent claims from a business perspective</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Thurs. Oct. 31</td>
<td>Guest speaker</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Unit 2: Patent Leverage and the Corporate Playbook</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Tues. Nov. 5</td>
<td>Defensive strategies: freedom to operate; <strong>Assignment #1 Due</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Thurs. Nov. 7</td>
<td>Asymmetric patent warfare</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>Tues. Nov. 12</td>
<td>Guest speaker</td>
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<td><strong>Unit 3: Limits and Alternatives to Patents</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Thurs. Nov. 14</td>
<td>Limits: <em>Alice</em> and “Abstractness”; <strong>Assignment #2 Due</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Tues. Nov. 19</td>
<td>Alternatives to patents; Big Data revolution</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Thurs. Nov. 21</td>
<td>Guest speaker</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Student Presentations and Final Assignment</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Tues. Nov. 26</td>
<td><strong>Student Presentations</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[no class]</td>
<td>Thurs. Nov. 28</td>
<td>Thanksgiving</td>
</tr>
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<td>12</td>
<td>Tues. Dec. 3</td>
<td><strong>Student Presentations</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Thurs. Dec. 5</td>
<td><strong>Student Presentations</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[no class]</td>
<td>Thurs. Dec. 12</td>
<td><strong>Final Assignment Due</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
X. Course Outline

**Unit 1: Patents and Innovation Value**

**Session 1: How patents contribute to business: theory and examples**

Readings:

*Theoretical Perspectives on Patent Strategy*. Deepak Somaya (Aug. 2002), *section 3 only (pp. 8-15)*


*Strategic Patenting: Why So Few Patents Create Real Value*, Jackie Hutter, on IP Asset Maximizer Blog (Jan. 2014):


*The Apple-Samsung Case: What It Means for Patents — and Innovation*, Knowledge@Wharton online article:


*How Patents Help Internet Companies – Friendster & Facebook [Case Study]*, online article (May 18 2012)


**Study Question**: How does patent “isolation” translate into actual value for innovative companies? Consider both mature players and new ventures; and various industries, e.g. smartphones, social media.

**Class**: Lecture on theory and goals of the patent system, with illustrations of different ways in which patents can create significant impact for an innovative technology business.

**Session 2: Value propositions and patent protection**

Readings:


*Peloton Sues Flywheel in What Could Be the Ultimate High-Tech Fitness Fight*, Fast Company (Sep. 13, 2018):


**Study Question**: Which aspects of a product or technology are the most valuable to patent? What criteria should shape your patent strategy?

**Class**: Lecture on the relationship between patents and value propositions; reading and critiquing patent claims from a business perspective. Detailed illustrations will be discussed from several different industries.

**Session 3: Critiquing and sharpening patent claims from a business perspective**

**Class**: Lecture and practice critiquing actual patent claims for notable innovations in several fields.

**Session 4: Guest speaker – patents and innovation value**

**Class**: An invited guest speaker from industry will share relevant experience

**Assignment #1 is due before the beginning of the next session (session 5).**
MGMT 729/229: Intellectual Property Strategy for the Innovation-Driven Enterprise

Unit 2: Patent Leverage and the Corporate Playbook

Session 5: Defensive strategies – freedom to operate

Readings:


Google Did Not Make a Mistake with Motorola Mobility, Conversant IP website post (February 6, 2014): http://www.conversantip.com/blog/google-did-not-make-a-mistake-with-motorola-mobility/

Facebook Buys AOL Patents from Microsoft for $550 Million, Wall St. Journal (April 23, 2012)


Study Question: What are benefits and pitfalls of cross-licensing as a response to patent thickets?

Class: Lecture on the patent “hold-up” problem, patent thickets/minefields, and a close look at the corporate playbook of defensive strategies for securing freedom-to-operate.

Session 6: Asymmetric patent warfare

Readings:


LOT Network
https://lotnet.com/, https://lotnet.com/how-lot-works/


Study Question: How do start-ups navigate patent thickets? Is patent strategy mainly about freedom to operate, differentiation, or something else?

Class: Lecture on how patent leverage works in the context of asymmetric exposure. Implications for start-ups, non-practicing entities, and mature companies.

Session 7: Guest speaker – patent leverage and the corporate playbook

Class: An invited guest speaker from industry will share relevant experience

Assignment #2 is due before the beginning of the next session (session 8).
Unit 3: Limits and Alternatives to Patents

Session 8: Limits: Alice and “Abstractness”

Readings:
Patently Absurd, James Gleick, New York Times Magazine (March 12, 2000)
Alice Corp. v. CLS Bank International, 134 S. Ct. 2347 (2014)
USPTO Abstract Idea Examples (issued January 27, 2015) (examples nos. 2 and 8)
USPTO Subject Matter Eligibility Examples: Abstract Ideas (January 2019 update)
Study Question: What problems were recent changes in US patent law seeking to address – and do the changes actually address those problems? What are the implications for innovative businesses?

Class: Lecture on the recent dramatic shift in US law on what is eligible for patenting. We examine positive and negative examples, and consider practical guidance for software innovation, especially AI.

Session 9: Alternative Forms of IP Protection for the Tech Enterprise

Readings:
Why being first doesn’t matter, blog post on intercom.com website:
Network Effects. Andreessen Horowitz slide presentation at:
http://www.slideshare.net/a16z/network-effects-59206938
See especially this slide and surrounding slides:
http://www.slideshare.net/a16z/network-effects-59206938/82-MAX_LEVCHINThe_defensibility_of_these
Study Questions: What IP strategy can be used to effectively protect AI innovations – especially after Alice? Is there synergy between IP and “first-mover advantage” that can help garner sustainable competitive advantage?

Class: Lecture on alternatives to patent protection. We will examine so-called “first-mover advantage” and several different-but-related concepts (stickiness, virality, network effects), and consider to what extent they can provide sustainable competitive protection. We also consider implications of the data revolution in this context.

Session 10: Guest speaker – limits and alternatives to patents

Class: An invited guest speaker from industry will share relevant experience

Sessions 11-13: Classroom Presentations
These sessions will be devoted to live presentations by student teams. Each team presents and defends a proposed strategy for its pre-assigned IP strategy challenge, followed by interactive class discussion.

The Final Assignment is due by noon on Thursday December 12.