This course examines the use of data to improve how people are managed within organizations. People really are most organizations’ most important asset, providing the critical link in converting strategy and capital into value. Yet throughout most of our history, most organizations have relied on long-standing traditions, hear-say, political expedience, prejudice and gut instinct to make decisions about how those people should be managed. Recent years have seen a growing movement to bring more science to how we manage people. In some cases, that means ensuring that whatever practices and approaches we adopt are backed up by solid evidence as to their effectiveness. Often, organizations will seek to go further, analyzing their own data to identify problems and learn what is working and what is not in their own context. This course applies the insights of the people analytics movement to help students become better managers and more critical analysts within their organizations.

The course aims to develop students in three specific ways. First, it will provide students with an up-to-the-minute grounding in current evidence about managing people, providing a knowledge base that can ensure that their future management is guided by best practices. Second, we will develop the skills and understanding necessary to be thoughtful, critical consumers of evidence on people management, allowing them to make the most of the analysis available to them as they make people decisions. Third, we will provide guidance and practice in conducting people analytics, preparing students to gather data of their own, and making them more skilled analysts.

We will pursue these goals through a mixture of lecture, case discussion, and hands on exploration of a variety of data sets.

Course Content.
The course will cover a wide variety of topics related to effectively people, including:

- Selecting the right people for the job
- Measuring and managing performance
- Increasing engagement and reducing attrition
- Understanding and managing informal communication networks and culture
- Using analytics to improve diversity and access to opportunity within the workforce

In tackling each of these topics, we will discuss existing evidence on best practices. We will also examine how analytical techniques can be applied to understanding these questions within organizations. Specifically, for each are of application we will discuss:
What kinds of data and measures can provide insight into people questions
What analytical techniques are most appropriate for deriving valid insights
Legal, ethical and practical concerns around the use of analytics

Although this is not primarily a statistics or coding class, we will cover appropriate statistical techniques for analyzing various kinds of people data. We will also discuss how to use R to implement these techniques.

Prerequisites
Students should have taken MGMT 610 and either MGMT 611 or MGMT 612 prior to taking this class. It is also necessary to have a solid grasp of the concept of statistical significance.

We will also use the statistical package R to work through example analyses in class. I chose R because it is an open-source package (ie free to download and use) and the most commonly used package for statistical analysis in business. Students are not required to be proficient in R in order to take this class, nor will they be required to learn R. Nonetheless, I strongly encourage students to invest in learning a little about this package, both to get the most out of this class, and to set them up to perform analysis in their later career.

Assignments and Grading
The grade will have three components:

Participation: 25%
Individual assignments: 45%
Class Project: 30%

Participation
The class will be highly participative. The goal is that we should all learn from one another. As a consequence, I expect active participation from everyone and will grade accordingly. Attendance will be a major component of the participation grade.

I understand that some students will be unable to attend synchronously for geographic reasons. Any students facing those constraints should notify me at the beginning of the course. Asynchronous students will be able to earn participation credit by writing up a short 1-2 paragraph reflection after each session.

Individual Assignments
There will be three individual assignments, each worth 15%. In each case, you will be provided with some data and a short question to answer by studying the data. A 1-2 page write-up of your answer will be due before class, allowing us to discuss your answers during class. Late submission will not, therefore, be permitted.

The assignments are designed so that they can be conducted with a variety of analytical tools and methods, including both Excel and R. We will provide example R code to help you get started, but students who are uncomfortable with R can complete the assignments using Excel.
The assignments are also designed so that there is no single correct answer. Instead, we want to see what insights you can gain from the data. Each assignment will be graded on a check minus, check, check plus, check double plus basis, with the grade reflecting the rigor and depth of your answer.

Team Project
The team project is designed as a class consulting exercise for a real organization facing a real people problem. Teams should consist of people. You will be provided a dataset in session 6, as well as a description of the company’s challenge. All teams will be studying the same company and issues. Your task is to analyze the data and provide a set of recommendations to the company based on your analysis. There will be three deliverables for the project:

1. A 10 page report, due on the last day of class. The report should detail:
   a. How you analyzed the data. For example, did you look at all of the data or did you choose to ignore certain observations? What measures did you calculate to help you answer the organizations’ question? What analyses did you perform?
   b. Your findings. What were the results of your analyses? How much confidence (statistical and otherwise) do you have in them? What limitations should we bear in mind?
   c. Your recommendations. What actions do you think that the client organization should take, based on your analyses.

2. A 7 slide presentation to be made to the client. This presentation is due 2 days before the last class. We will review the slides and pick 4 teams to present their solutions. We will choose based on the quality of the presentations, and to provide a range of different approaches in class. Those teams that are selected will present in front of the class and a representative from the client organization.

3. An accounting of who did what. You should submit a table that describes which of your team members worked on which parts of the project. Specifically, for each of the major components of the project (data management, analysis, recommendations, report writing, presentation writing), please provide a rough %age of the work done by each team member.

Course Outline

18th January 2022

Session 1: Introduction to People Analytics
What is People Analytics? How can careful analysis improve the way that we manage people? What are organizations doing to make the best use of such analysis? And what will you need to know about that analytics in your job? In this session, we will introduce some of the core themes of the class, describing the uses of people analytics as well as some of the concerns.

Readings

- “Susan Cassidy” – HBS case
Questions

- What surprises you about the findings of Google’s Project Oxygen? Do you think that they could have reached the same conclusions in other ways?
- Which candidate should Susan Cassidy choose and why? Is there more information that you would like to know if you were her?

20th January 2022
Session 2: Hiring and Analytics, Part 1
Perhaps the single most common use of analytics in managing people is to optimize hiring, making sure that you are hiring the right employees for the right roles. In this first session on the topic, we will discuss the reasons why analytics is important in hiring and describe in detail the best practices for managing an evidence-based hiring process.

Readings:

Questions:
- How does the Google hiring process differ from the way that you were last hired?
- What do you see as the strengths and weaknesses of how they hire people?

25th January 2022
Session 3: Hiring and Analytics, Part 2
In this session, we get into the mechanics of using data to predict who to hire. We will discuss how to analyze the data to understand who performs best in the job. We will also discuss various possible problems that might be encountered in predicting who will perform best, and strategies for dealing with them. By the end of this session, you should feel more confident performing multi-variate analyses. You should also know what questions you need to ask of any data-based selection process in order to ensure that it is valid, legal and ethical.

Assignment 1 Due Before Class!
You will be provided with two datasets. The first dataset describes the characteristic and performance of a set of former and current employees. The second dataset provides characteristics of a set of applicants. Your assignment is to analyze the data and answer the following questions (your submission should be 1-2 pages, single spaced):

1. Which three applicants would you recommend that the company hire?
2. What formula, algorithm or heuristic did you use to pick these three applicants, and how did you arrive at this approach?
3. What concerns or caveats do you have about your recommendations?
27th January 2022

Session 4: Performance Assessment

Performance assessment is at the heart of any people management process. Not only does the assessment inform how we rewards people and assign people to jobs; it is also a vital input into any analysis that we might want to do to understand why people perform well and others perform poorly. At the same time, accurate performance assessment is surprisingly difficult in many roles. In this session, we will discuss various approaches to measuring performance to identify the best way to assess performance in a given role.

Readings:
- “Dovernet” HBS Case study

Optional:

Questions
- What do you think of the performance management system at Dovernet? What are its strengths and weaknesses? What recommendations would you have for improving it?
- What should Kristina Chung do about Trent Raynor and Gwen Davidson?

1st February 2022

Session 5: Engagement and Culture

How we manage people shapes how they feel about us, their job, our organization, their lives. Managing them effectively is therefore both important for organizational performance and for their own well-being. Moreover, common patterns of feeling and behavior ultimately shape an organization’s culture, which is very important for performance. What gets measured gets managed. But how do we manage engagement and culture?

Although most discussions of culture are highly impressionistic, advances in theory and machine learning are producing many different ways to measure culture, and thereby influence it. In this session, we will go into depth on how engagement and culture can be measured, and what we can do once we measure them. A particular focus will be on understanding the latest approaches to analyzing language, and how they can be used within organizations.

In this session, we will discuss the state of existing knowledge on what drives happiness and engagement in the workplace. We will then cover different techniques for tracking employee engagement. We will focus in particular on developing effective surveys to understand how employees are feeling.

Readings:

Questions:
- Why should employers worry about how their employees feel?
3rd February 2022

Session 6: Attrition, Part 1

Attrition is the reverse of hiring; just as organizations need to make sure that they are hiring the right people, so they also need to ensure that the right people stay with the organization. Managing attrition is therefore another major focus area of people analytics.

In this first session we will explore the implications of attrition for organizations, as well as discussing evidence on what drives people to leave companies

Readings:
Store 24 Case (HBS Case study)

Assignment 2: Due in Class Today!
Prepare a 2 page memo for Bob Gordon, answering his questions. In particular:

1. Is there a relationship between manager and crew tenure and store profitability?
2. Can you estimate how much more profitable stores are when they have one month longer crew tenure and one month longer manager tenure, on average?
3. How important is site tenure relative to site location in explaining store profitability?
4. Can you find any evidence that the value of increasing tenure is more important in stores that start off with very low levels of tenure? In other words, is there any evidence of a non-linear effect of tenure on financial performance?
5. The CEO wants to decide whether to prioritize raising manager tenure or crew tenure. What would you recommend?

Be clear about what you have concluded about the impact of turnover on performance and how you have derived your conclusion.

The data necessary to answer this question can be found on Canvas. Sample R programs are also posted there.

8th February 2022

Session 7: Guest Speaker Panel

In this session we will bring in three speakers who use people analytics in their day to day work. We will talk to them about the kinds of work that are most valuable in delivering insights to change what people do, what they have learned from their experiences, and the biggest challenges that they have faced.
10th February 2021

Session 8: Attrition, Part 2
In this session we will discuss how companies use analytics to better understand the drivers of turnover, and some of the ways that such analysis can help to improve how people are managed. We will also explore the use of “survival” models for better analyzing such time-dependent processes.

*We will do an in-class exercise. Please bring your laptop!*

Readings:
David Allen, Philip Bryant and James Vardaman (2010) “Retaining Talent: Replacing Misconceptions with Evidence-Based Strategies” *Academy of Management Perspectives*

Optional:

Questions:
You are tasked by your CEO with figuring out how to reduce turnover in the organization.

- What kind of analysis might you conduct to figure out what to do?
- What data would you collect?
- How would you analyze it? What particular challenges might turnover data create?

15th February 2022

Session 9: Analyzing Social Networks Part 1
Work is fundamentally a collaborative exercise, as we combine efforts with our colleagues to build the business. Getting those collaborations right is therefore critical to organizational effectiveness. Social Network Analysis allows organizations to measure that collaboration as a prelude to identifying and addressing opportunities for improvement.

In this session we will study how network analysis is being used within organizations, covering the kinds of data that can be used to track collaboration within the organization and the kinds of problems that network analyses can be used to solve.

Readings:
“Troubled Spain” – Universidad de los Andes case


Optional:

Questions:
- What actions should James Reid take to improve the functioning of Troubled Spain?
- What can we learn from the network study? How would it inform your opinions about what James should do?
17th February 2022

**Session 10: Analyzing Social Networks, Part 2**

In this session we will explore the details of network analytics to give a deeper insight into how to use and interpret network data.

**Assignment 3. Due in Class Today!**

We will provide you with data on communication patterns within Netcorp, a small, three department company. We will also provide you with an R program that can be used to analyze the data (you may also complete the exercise using Excel if you prefer).

Based on the data, please answer the following questions that have been posed to you by the CEO:

1. I worry that my three departments are not talking to one another. Is that true? How would you evaluate the quality of interaction across the departments?
2. Our sales department seems to be very slow at making decisions and that has led us to lose a certain amount of business. Why do you think that is?
3. We have been considering using retention bonuses to make sure that we hold on to key people within the organization. Can you use your analysis to recommend anybody for them?

As ever, please explain your answers. Assignments should be between 1 and 3 pages long.

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22nd February 2021

**Session 11: Diversity Analytics**

Managing diversity has become one of the most important human capital topics in recent years, and is an important area of boardroom focus. Achieving diversity is important for driving business goals through increased innovation and understanding of a broad array of customers; it is important to managing the organization’s reputation; and it deals with basic ethical issues for managers and organizations.

Effectively managing diversity requires effective analytics, both to effectively measure where the organization stands on diversity and equity, and to identify and assess the most effective interventions to improve diversity.

In this session, we will discuss different approaches to measuring diversity and what we can learn from them. We will also explore how data is used to identify why organizations lack diversity, and discuss the practices that seem to improve diversity.

**Readings:**

**Questions:**

- How would you assess PwC’s analysis of pay levels at the BBC. Do you think that their conclusions are valid?
24th February 2021

Session 12: Project Presentations
In this session, 2-4 teams will be chosen to present their project findings. We will debrief the project and the overall course.

Assignments: Final Project Reports Due in Class
Your 10 page report is due in class.